Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2149.] PHILADELPHIA: SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1799. [VOLUME XVI.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

For Port Republicain,

THE SHIP

ORONO,

Richard Stites, master,

Mounting 12 six and nine pound cannon, men answerable, burthen about 360 tons, will sail 10th inst.—For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, at Vine street wharf, or to

Thomas & John Ketland.

august 1 d10t

FOR CHARTER,

The British Letter of Marque

SHIP

LONDON,

Samuel Roper, commander.

BURTHEN 330 Tons, copered, sheathed, mounting Twenty guns, and will be ready to receive a cargo in about 14 days, for terms apply to *NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.*

WHO HAVE FOR SALE

ON BOARD SAID SHIP,

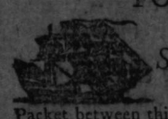
40 tons Patent Sheathing COPPER assorted from 18 to 32 ounces to the square foot.

Composition Nails, Spikes and Bolts of various descriptions.

20 4lb. guns of 4 cwt. each,
40 6lb. do. 6 cwt. do.
12 9lb. do. 12 do.
16 do. do. with carriages, 12 cwt. each.
240 crates Queens Ware, assorted,
200 tons Fine Stoved Salt,
45 do. House Coal, and a quantity of Paints

august 3 eodtf

FOR SALE,



The fast sailing Ship

SWIFT PACKET.

She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well suited for the freights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to

N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95 South Front st.

may 30. diw3awtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. —From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 a2w

TO BE LET,

From the 1st of October next,

The STORES & WHARFF,

ADJOINING the Drawbridge, now occupied by Mr. Joshua Gilpin.——The terms may be known by applying at No. 258, Market-street.

july 29 3tawtf

JUST RECEIVED,

From the BOSTON Manufactory,

A QUANTITY OF

WINDOW GLASS,

Of different sizes.

FOR SALE BY,

ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

COUNTRY HOUSE,

NEAR GERMANTOWN,

TO be disposed of by Private Contract an Elegant *COUNTRY RETREAT*, consisting of a Stone House, Stone Barn, a Spring House, Coach House, Stables, &c. with every other convenience necessary; excellent Gardens, with the choicest kinds of fruit trees, with from ten to fifteen acres of Land, seven acres of which is thriving young Woodland.

Further particulars may be known by enquiring of the Printer.

If required, more Land may be had to suit the purchaser.

august 3 d1w

FOR SALE,

By the Subscribers at No. 5 Chesnut street, the following articles, viz.

1st and 4th proof Spanish Brandy in pipes,
New England Rum in hhds,
Codfish, in do.
Tobacco, in do.
Rice in tierces,
Beef in bbls. and half bbls.
Mackarel, in do.
Spermaceti Candles in boxes,
Madeira Wine in pipes half pipes & qr. casks
Claret, in cases,
Boston Sail Duck, Nos. 1 a 2,
Russia, ditto, different qualities,
Russia Hemp,

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.

July 5, 3taw4w

For Sale,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

The following GOODS lately imported in the Adriana, from London, and in packages suitable for exportation.

PRINTED CALLICOES,

Assorted from 13 up to 18 and 20.
Printed 3-4, 4-4, and 5-4 chintzes.
Printed Marseilles Quiltings of the newest and neatest patterns.
9-8 Brown Sheetings from 11 to 15.

—ALSO—

A FEW TIERCES OF RICE,

OF THE FIRST QUALITY.

THOMAS GILPIN,

No. 149, South Front Street.

8 mo. 7th. tu.th.&sat.2w.

Left some time since,

THROUGH mistake, at the Office of the Subscriber, a bundle of YELLOW MOREEN. The owner is desired to apply for it to

SAMUEL H. SMITH.

july 29 3teod

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the late *Joseph Henry Fosper*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and all persons having demands against said estate, are desired to furnish their accounts to the subscriber.

Christian Claudy, Admin'r.

july 15 w&sa. 3w

JOHN MILLER, JUN.

No. 80, Dock, near Third Street.

Has for Sale.

Cossaes,
Bastas,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Colicoes,
Patna
Romal and } Handkerchiefs.
Mulmul

The foregoing goods are now to be sold at

REDUCED PRICES,

N. B. Many of these Goods may be printed to advantage in this country.

may 16 3awtf

FOR SALE

By SIMON WALKER,

Pine, near Fifth-street,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 6 1-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;

Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;

Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;

English Cannon Powder;

Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;

6, 9, 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;

6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.

9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.

Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,

Taunton Ale in casks of 2 dozen each.

march 8. 2awtf

FOR SALE,

Pine Forge and Farm,

SITUATE in Douglas Township, Berks county, about one mile and a half from the River Schuylkill, and five from Potts Town. The Farm contains three hundred and sixty acres of land, about one hundred and twenty of which is wood land; twenty-five acres of meadow, fifteen of which is watered, besides clover fields; a very capital orchard containing upwards of two hundred apple trees.

The forge has four fires, two hammers, and four pair of bellows, is in complete order, having been lately repaired, and is capable of manufacturing two hundred and forty tons of bar iron annually.—Likewise, a saw Mill, smith shop, two coal houses, and a sufficient number of houses to accommodate workmen, all in good order. On the premises are a two story stone dwelling house and counting house stone barn and stables sufficient for thirty horses; a large grain barn, cow house, and every other building necessary for the use of the farm and works.

Also about five hundred acres of excellent chesnut timber land from 3 to 5 miles from the works; which will be sold either with the works or separate, as may suit the purchaser.

The purchaser can be accommodated with waggons, horses, and every other kind of stock necessary for carrying on the business.

The terms may be known by applying to JOHN CLEMENT STOCKER, Esq. merchant, Philadelphia, or to the subscriber on the premises.

DAVID RUTTER.

july 25 w&sf tf

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennsylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the said State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of said State until the 1st September next inclusive, and that the subscribers authorised by law will sit as a Board at the said Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unsatisfied Claims already filed, as well as those which may be filed on or before the said first day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r.
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennsylvania, May 15, '99. (16) d1w (m.w.sa.tf)

FOR SALE,

A variety of Lots, many of them very advantageously situated north of the city of Philadelphia, in different parts of the Land known as the Estate of the late William Martin, Esq—many of the lots afford valuable sites for Country seats, not excelled by any within the same distance of the City, other lots are well adapted for Garden Grounds, Pasture &c. a third description is well calculated for buildings fronting upon Frankford road, Second, Third, and Fourth streets continued to the German Town Road, and also on Cross Roads designed to be laid out from Fourth Street to Turners Lane, to which the property extends—For further particulars, application to be made to

NICHOLAS HOLYDAY.

on the Premises westward of Fourth Street.

8 july dtf.

JUST ARRIVED

In the barque Triton, Z. Spilcher, master, from Bremen,

AND FOR SALE, BY

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 95, north Water street,

The following GOODS—viz.

Ticklenburgs, Oznabrigs, Halblaken and Weser linens of various qualities and prices.
Patterhornes, or 5-4 white flaxen roles
28 chests checks, and checks and stripes
10 packages bleached hessans
25 chests Bielefeld and other fine linens
27 do creas and creas a la morlaix
23 do Platillas
21 do Britannias
4 do Ged-ticks
2 do Ginghams
6 do Estopailles
5 do Rouanes
1 do Wahrendorpes
1 do Choilees
10 bales Coffee Bags
1 chest Table Linen
1 bale Oil Cloth
4 packages Writing Paper, assorted
30 boxes and kegs Ironmongery and Nails
37 kegs Pearl Barley &c. &c. all which are now landing, entitled to foreign drawbacks, and will be sold at reasonable prices and usual credit—or will be bartered for coffee, cocoa, cotton, sugar, hides, logwood, mahogany, &c.

july 29 m&w 2w

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres ——Apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.

april 29 §

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Ruffia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

april 11 §

LANDING.

From on board the DOROTHEA, at Willings and Francis's wharf, and for SALE by the subscribers,

An assortment of

GERMAN LINENS,

—CONSISTING OF—

Estopillas	Guingas
Platillas Royales	Dowlas
Brown Platillas	Creas à la Morlaix
Bretagnes	Silesia white Rools
Rouanes	Warendorp linen
Checks & Stripes	Table Linen
Lestadoes	Linen fit for coffee bags
Bielefield Linen,	Pocket handkerchiefs

LIKEWISE,

German broad Cloth 30 hhds. claret
Thread 1200 demijohns
French silk Stockings 155 liquor cases
Swedish Iron 300 cases claret
12 pipes Holland Gin.

ON HAND,

Russia Bristles,
English Sail Cloth,
St. Petersburgh Hemp,
English Silk Goods—consisting of Satins, Ribbons, Persins, &c.

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMANN,
113, south Third street.

june 26 dtf

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, } TEAS.
Souchong,
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.

They have also remaining on Hand

Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 §

TO BE SOLD BY

JESSE & ROBERT WALN.

Old Port Wine, in Pipes, Hhds. and quarter casks,

Also Landing at their Wharf

From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.

Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.

june 25 §

THE PARTNERSHIP

TRADING under the Firms of HARTSHORNE, LARGE & Co. and JESSE & ROBERT WALN, was dissolved 1 mo. 1st, 1798, and the partnership trading under the firm of HARTSHORNE & LARGE, was dissolved 15th of the 4th month last, all persons indebted to either of the above firms are requested to make immediate payment, and those that have demands to present their accounts.

7 mo. 13th d3m

Old French Brandy in large and small cases

100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,

FOR SALE BY

Gurney & Smith.

may 1, 1799 §

Lost or Mislaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States, No. 4933, in the name of Julia Wadsworth Knox, and for which, application is made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of said certificate; and all persons concerned are desired to take notice. CLEMENT BIDDLE.

may 23 d3m

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,

Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,

15 dollars on the 15th June next,
20 dollars on the 15th July next, and
20 dollars on the 15th August next.

Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.

May 13. m&tu4w(dsr.12to15A)

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning,

Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning,

Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coaches to be taken in New-York,

At Butman's Office, No. 53 Cortland-street

In Philadelphia.

At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.

At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,

Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.

Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Post-Office, } §
May 1.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Messrs *FOOTMAN & CO.* have assigned all their property both real and personal, to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of their creditors; Therefore all persons who are indebted to said firm, or to Richard Footman, or Richard S. Footman, prior to the 23d March, 1799, are requested forthwith to make payment or they will be immediately put in suit, and those who have claims against them are desired to exhibit them properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

SAMUEL PRICE, } *Assignees appointed by the Court.*
SAMUEL YORKE, }

Philadelphia, July 31, 1799. d1m

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAVING been appointed administrator to the estate of the rev. JOHN WADE (deceased) late of New Jersey—

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and those who have any demands against the same, to render their accounts without delay, properly attested

Edward Thompson,
no. 131, Market street

july 13 d2m

TO BE LET,

Possession to be given on the 26th August,

A convenient Three Story Brick House,

SITUATE in Spruce between Second and Third Street; apply at No. 110 South Second Street

july 18 dt.

Unseated Lands in Luzerne County.

THE owners of unseated lands in Luzerne county (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the taxes due on said lands for the year 1796, are paid into the hands of General Lord Butler, County Treasurer, on or before the 20th day of August next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs

John Phillips,
John Jenkins } County Commis'rs
Thomas Wright,

Commissioners' Office, Wilkesbarre, July 1, '99 } (16) dt20A

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unseated lands in FAYETTE COUNTY (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the texes due on said lands for the years 796, 1797 and 1798, are paid into the hands of General Ephraim Douglass, County Treasurer, on or before Thursday the 19th day of September next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs

Caleb Mounts,
James Allen.
John Fulton, } County Commis'rs

Union Town, June 5, '99 (14) d3m

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of Woodruff and Thomson, late merchants of this place, insolvent debtors, are hereby requested to take notice, That the subscribers will attend on the 1st Monday in January next, in the year 1800, at John Johnson's inn, in this town, for the purpose of making the first dividend of their estate.

JOHN JOHNSON, }
EDW. SHARP, } Assignees.

Newton, Sussex county, New-Jersey, June 26, '99. } july 9 d1m

35 casks of 6d. and 8d. NAILS, and 4, 4 1-2 and 5 inch SPIKES, entitled to drawback, for sale by

PETER BARKER, & Co.
No. 149, High-street.

8 mo. 2 eodtf.

New Theatre.

PROPOSALS in writing for Renting the New-Theatre will be received until Thursday the 15th of August next, by the agents of the proprietors thereof. Persons applying are hereby informed that the agents consider it necessary to bind the lessee or lessees to perform not less than Twenty weeks in each Season, and that Theatrical Exhibitions shall commence on or before the Second Monday in November in each year.

By direction of the Board of Agents,

JAMES GIBSON,
Agent & See'y.

august 1. 3aw15A

Lost or Mislaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States bearing date 1st January 1793, in the name of Joseph Thornburgh, No. 1438, for the renewal of which application hath been made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice thereof.

ROBERT DENISON, Junr.

Philadelphia, june 11 d3m

In addition to the Importation by the Barque TRITON, from BREMEN,

PRATT & KINTZING,

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the Brig POLLY, Captain MACKENS, *from HAMBURGH;*

80 chests German Linnens,

—consisting of—

Platillas,	Lillados,
Brittanias,	Checks & Stripes,
Creas à la Morlaix,	Diaper,
Rouanes,	Patterhorees,
Arabias,	Carrandolls,
Estopailles,	Dowlas, &c. &c.

ALSO,

160 boxes excellent Claret containing 3 doz. each
530 bars Iron,
300 boxes 8 by 10 } WINDOW GLASS,
7 by 9 }
35 chests Tumblers, assorted, 1-2 pints & quarts
9 casks Hogs Bristles,
1000 Demy Jeans, a few Westphalia Hams, 2 casks Ironmongery, 2 chests Oil Cloths, Twine, Quills, a few sacks Barley, &c. &c. all which they offer at reasonable prices, and at the usual credit, or will barter for West-India produce.

august 1 th&f 3w

AT a court of common pleas held at Union town for the county of Fayette, the fourth Monday of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, before the Judges of the same court—

On the petition of JOHN WILSON, praying that the act of Assembly providing that the person of a debtor shall not be liable to imprisonment after delivering up his estate for the use of his creditors, may be extended to him; the court appoint the first day of next term to hear the petitioner and his creditors, and order that he give his creditors public notice hereof in Fenno's Philadelphia paper and in Yunt and Brown's Baltimore paper, for one week, ending at least four weeks before the day of hearing, and that he also give to John Gillespie and Jacob Airkart personal notice in writing to be served at least fifteen days previous to the hearing.

By the court,

EPHRAIM DOUGLASS, Proth'y

augnst 2 d6t

AT a special meeting of the Board of property in Lancaster, June 24, 1799.

Present,

Daniel Brodhead, Sec. Gen.
John Hall, Secretary, } *of the Land office.*
Francis Johnston, Reg. Gen.

The petition of Thomas Stewardson on behalf of himself and the other trustees for the estate of Samuel Caldwell, surviving partner of James Meese, bearing date Philadelphia, 5th Month 17th 1799, stated as follows, viz. That a certain John Collins had in consequence of fraudulent deeds poll, obtained patents for two certain tracts of land, one situate in the county of Northumberland, surveyed to Samuel Caldwell in pursuance of a warrant dated in 1774; and the other situate now in Luzerne county, surveyed to said Caldwell by a warrant also dated in 1774—and requested that patents might be granted, for the said tracts, to William Crammond, Edward Tilghman, John Ashley, and Thomas Stewardson, trustees of the estate of Samuel Caldwell, surviving partner of James Meese, as the said two tracts were part of the estate of Meese and Caldwell.

Whereupon the Board having considered the same, ordered that at least sixty days notice be given in one of the Philadelphia newspapers, and in the Lancaster Journal to the said Collins or his assigns, to appear before the Board on the first Monday in October next, to shew cause if any he or they have, why patents should not issue for the said two tracts to the said trustees agreeably to the prayer of the said petition.

A true copy

For JOHN HALL, Esq.
Sec'ry of Land Office.
N. LUFBOROUGH.

july 8. d2m

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Rendezvous at Easton, JOHN FRANTOM, a soldier in the 9th U. States regiment, 5 feet 8 inches high, blue eyes, swarthy complexion and brown hair, which he wears long and queued; he stoops much in walking, and has a considerable impediment in his speech.

At the same time SOLOMON KINNIMONT, a soldier in the same regiment; he is a handsome young man, 19 years old, 5 feet 10 and a quarter inches high, black eyes, short brown hair, fair complexion.

They were enticed to desert by two men who said they had served as marines on board the Baltimore sloop-of-war, and went off with an intenton to enlist in that service; both were in full uniform, though they will probably change their dress.

The above reward will be given for delivering the two, or ten dollars for either of them, to any officer of the ninth regiment; by

M TILGHMAN,
1st Lieutenant 9th U. S. Regiment.

Easton (M.) Aug. 1. (5) d3w

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *AUGUST* 10.

No. VI.

MR. FENNO,

I NEVER could perſuade myſelf, that this diſcuſſion would be productive of good; I avoided the controverſy for a conſiderable length of time, and at laſt entered into it with great reluctance; the further I proceed, the more I am ſatisfied with the propriety of my forbearance, and I think the moſt prejudiced will allow, that no blame ſhould attach to a man, who came forward to vindicate the management of one charitable inſtitution, without ſuppoſing that he would be invited to run an odious and invidious parrallel between it, and any other: The author, however, of thoſe numbers which have appeared againſt the Alms-Houſe has pompouſly invited his fellow citizens to view the interior of both houſes, and then form a judgment in which of them the patients are beſt treated, and moſt commodiouſly accommodated; oh ſhame, where is thy bluſh! what ground hadſt thou for this invitation; did any perſon in or out of the management of the Alms-Houſe, ever pretend to decive the public upon this ſubject—was there ever a man wild enough in his prejudices to contend that a houſe, compelled from its nature to open wide its doors to all the children of diſtreſs, whoſe inmates for one year have upon an average exceeded ſix hundred, could vie in comfort and accommodation with an inſtitution whoſe original extenſive plan has juſt been compleated, whoſe ponderous but narrow doors move ſlow and ſullen to receive diſtreſs—whoſe patients at no time exceed one hundred and twenty, the greater part of whom give full and ample ſecurity to indemnify the Hoſpital for their expences, in proportion to their reſpective abilities, at the rate of from three to ſix dollars per week; whoſe mode of admiſſion is clogged with difficulty, it being abſolutely neceſſary previous to a patients entry into that houſe, (except in thoſe caſes mentioned in a *modern advertisement*) to have a certificate from one of the phyſicians of the inſtitution that the caſe is proper for the Hoſpital, which certificate muſt be ſigned by two managers, and bond muſt be given for payment of the weekly charge for the ſupply of cloathing, and in caſe of death for funeral expences. The difficulty of complying with all theſe formalities, has a natural tendency to ſwell the number of caſes ſo eaſily received in the Alms-Houſe, whilſt it alſo tends to confine the patients of the Hoſpital, as well in number, as to that claſs of perſons who are capable of paying for their comfort, accommodation, and cure. With as much propriety might I aſk whether a man in his own houſe, ſurrounded by an intereſted family, miniſtered to by an affectionate and ſympathizing wife, where every look is watched with anxiety, where every want is inſtantly ſupplied, is better and more comfortably accommodated than a patient admitted within the gloomy walls of a lunatic hoſpital, however well adapted to its original deſign and intentions. But it does not from hence follow, that becauſe the Pennſylvania Hoſpital is at preſent better adapted than the Philadelphia Alms-Houſe for the comfort and accommodation of ſick perſons, that people of that deſcription are not well and comfortably accommodated in the Alms-Houſe. There may be compariſons in moſt things; one place may be good, but this does not certainly imply that another may not be better;—and as contraſted with the other two, a third may be beſt. I readily allow, therefore, that although the Alms-Houſe is as comfortable as the various uſes to which it is from neceſſity applied, will admit, that the Hoſpital, appropriated ſolely for diſeaſe and caſuality, is better: and I anxiouſly wiſh the foundation was broader, the doors wider, and more eaſily entered.

I have ſatisfactorily ſhewn, that if the guardians of the poor acceeded to the ideas of the managers of the Hoſpital, in agreeing to ſend to that inſtitution all the caſes that preſent themſelves to the Alms-Houſe at the rate of three dollars per week each, that the tax at preſent thought ſo enormous and oppreſſive, would be greatly inadequate to the purpoſes of maintaining the Poor of the City and Diſtricts of Philadelphia; and here I will chearfully declare, that my attachment to the intereſts of humanity are ſo ſtrong, that great as the expence would be, I ſhould think it the duty of the Managers of the Alms-Houſe to encounter it, if neceſſity required. But the fact is not ſo; let our fellow-citizens accept the invitation that has been given, and although every one will unqueſtionably agree that the Hoſpital is beſt calculated for the accommodation of the ſick—yet I will hazard the belief that no candid man will retire diſſatisfied with the Alms-Houſe, but will ſee and admit that every deſcription of diſeaſe is well attended. No perſon ſuffers from inattention or negligence, the wants and diſtreſſes of all are tenderly relieved and that at an expence of leſs than one half what the other mode would coſt.—I hope, for my own part, that the Managers will take one hint, given by the gentleman I am endeavoring to anſwer, and direct a liſt of caſes, cures and deaths to be publiſhed quarterly; I think myſelf that the thing would be right; although, perhaps, this very gentleman may hereafter cenſure them, for merging the expence under the head of incidentals, as there is no law that I know of, expreſsly providing for ſuch an expenditure.

(To be continued.)

ELECTION.

THE Grand Jury for the County of Delaware, at July Seſſions 1799, impreſſed with the importance of ſelecting a ſuitable character to ſucceed the preſent Governor, at the enſuing Election, whoſe attachment to the Conſtitution and Government of the United States, would be likely to inſure a juſt, impartial and deciſive adminiſtration, and having full confidence in the integrity, patriotiſm and talents of JAMES ROSS, Esq. of Pittſburgh, do therefore unanimouſly recommend him to the ſuffrages of our fellow Citizens of Delaware county.

Aug. 8.

THE Friends to the Election of JAMES ROSS, Esq. of Pittſburgh, as Governor of this ſtate, are requeſted to meet at Dunwoody's Tavern, in Market ſtreet, on Tueſday Evening next, at half paſt 7 o'clock.

Levi Holingsworth, Chairman
for the Committee of Correſpondence for the city of Philadelphia.

Auguſt 7.

NORTHERN LIBERTIES.

The Members of the Correſponding Committee, appointed at a meeting of the friends of Mr. Roſs, will take notice that they are to meet every Thurſday evening at 7 o'clock at Robert Meldrum's tavern in the Northern Liberties, where the ſeveral ward committees are reſpectfully requeſted to attend. Aug. 6

Thoſe Citizens of Delaware County, who are deſirous that JAMES ROSS, of Pittſburgh, ſhould ſucceed the preſent Governor, are requeſted to meet at the Black Horſe, in the townſhip of Middletown, on the 17th day of Aug. next at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in order to conſult on meaſures to promote his election.

HUGH LLOYD, Chairman,
of the Correſponding Committee of Delaware county.

July 30, 1799.

AT a meeting of a number of the inhabitants of the Townſhip of Germantown, held at Riter's Tavern on Thurſday the 1ſt of Auguſt, it was

Reſolved, That the inhabitants of Germantown, Briſtol, and Roxborough, friends to the election of JAMES ROSS, Eſq. as Governor of this Commonwealth, be requeſted to meet on Thurſday the 15th inſt. at 3 o'clock P. M. at the ſign of Gen. M'Pherſon in Germantown.

THOMAS DUNGAN, Chairman.
Auguſt 1. d15

FROM LATE LONDON PAPERS.

The following dreadful tale is told in the French Journal, *Le Clef du Cabinet*; A man in the Department of *Bar ſur Onain*, having been mutilated by three ruffians, applied to the Police, who in conſequence of it apprehended a man in the Canton of *Void*, who was charged by the injured party with the crime. The wife of the accuſed, with all his family, conſiſting of a daughter of ſixteen years of age, and two ſons, one aged nineteen the other ſeventeen years, went to viſit him, and returned home in a ſtate of deſpair. On the following morning the children went into the fields to the plow, and about ten o'clock the mother called them home. In returning they paſſed by a rivulet, when the daughter ſaid, "Magdalen, you may throw the clothes into the water, as we ſhall have no further occaſion for them." They then entered the houſe and ſhut the door cloſe. Screams and groans were heard, and ſhortly after, the young man of 19 opened the door and ran into the ſtreet, with his throat cut and covered with blood he plunged himſelf into the rivulet, came out again, and threw himſelf on the bank. The people ran to him interrogated him, but he could give no anſwer, and died. They ruſhed into the houſe, but found no one, they haſtened to the ſtables, where they ſaw the young man ſeventeen years of age, with his throat cut, expiring, and laying on the breaſt of his ſiſter, who had alſo her throat cut and by the ſide of whom lay a bloody hatchet. They ſought for the mother but not finding her, they ſuppoſed her to be drowned. In ſearching the loft, they perceived a deadly and livid hand, which they found to be that of the woman, bathed in her blood, having two ſtabs with a knife in her belly, and her throat cut. She was yet alive, and every aſſiſtance having beeen given to her, ſhe was brought to herſelf, and her wounds found not to be mortal. She was interrogated and declared, that a ſtranger, who had called to inquire after her huſband, had committed this extenſive murder. By purſuing the interrogatory, however, the Officer of the Police at length aſcertained the truth. The unhappy woman declared, that having been to ſee her huſband ſhe could not bear the idea of the diſhonour which would attach to herſelf and her family from his execution; ſhe had therefore determined to die, and prevailed upon her children to die with her. On returning to the houſe, therefore, they, after having filled the mangers with hay, kneet before her to receive their death wound, which ſhe gave them with a hatchet; that ſhe immediately afterwards attempted to ſtab herſelf, but that her knife not having reached her heart, ſhe had twice ſtabbed herſelf in the belly; that having perceived that her eldeſt ſon, in ſtruggling with death, had opened the door, and fearing to be diſcovered, ſhe had, had ſufficient ſtrength to aſcend into the loft, with intent to throw herſelf out of the window, but her ſtrength failed her. She was arreſted and carried to COMMERCY. In going out of her houſe, ſhe ſaw the bodies of her three children, without betraying any emotion; and declared, that if ſhe had had 30 ſhe ſhould have put them all to death, to avoid the ſhame of having their father guillotined.

In the late ſevere weather the ſnow drifted in Aldſtone Moor, in Cumberland, ſo as to completely cover the cottage of a poor blind fiddler. Next morning the neighbouring inhabitants began to clear it away, ſuppoſing the owner had either periſhed or was in great diſtreſs; but they had not proceeded far when they were regaled with the dulcet ſounds of the fiddle, on which he was playing merrily away, unconſcious of his dangerous ſituation.

Lord Grenville, in the Honſe of Lords, June the 6th propoſed a variety of amendments, the principal of which was, that the Societies known under the denominations of United Engliſhmen, United Britons, United Iriſhmen, United Scotchmen, the London Correſponding Society, and all other Correſponding ſocieties in the Kingdom, be expreſly, and by name, ſuppreſſed as enemies to his majeſty's government, and that any perſon correſponding with them ſhould alſo be deemed guilty of unlawful confederacy. He called the attention of their lordſhips, particularly to the clauſe for exempting Free Maſons Lodges from the operations of this bill. It was aſcertained that in other countries, theſe meetings were made ſubſervient to deſigns for the ſubvertion of exiſting governments. In England he did not believe that Freemaſonary was ſo employed, but it was neceſſary for them to take care, that ſocieties that had miſchevious objects, ſhould not be totlerated under that name.

The following remedy for the bite of a mad dog is recommended in the French papers:—A new laid egg is to be beaten up, and put into a frying pan, with oil of olives, cold drawn, and to be dreſſed, but not too dry. Into this is to be put a great quantity of powder of calcined oyſter-ſhells, which is to be ſprinkled in ſuch quantities as the mixture will abſorb. This is to be given as a doſe, which is to be repeated for nine days faſting; and the wound is at the ſame time to be waſhed with ſalt water, obſerving always to uſe freſh water. The author of it profeſſes to have tried it with repeated ſucceſs, on men, dogs, and other animals.

LAW REPORT.

COURT OF KINGS BENCH, MAY 30.

The King *v.* Wakefield.

The Attorney General moved the Court for judgment againſt the Defendant, convicted of being the author of the ſeditious pamphlet, in anſwer to the Biſhop of Landaff.

Mr. Juſtice Groſe addreſſed the defendant nearly as follows:

"Gilbert Wakefield, the publication of which you have been convicted by a jury of your country, is diſgraceful to you as a man, as an author of reputation, and, above all, as a clergyman of the Eſtabliſhed Church. The epithets in the indictment have been fully proved, namely, that this pamphlet is malevolent and ſeditious, tending to traduce and vilify the conſtitution of this country, and the perſons employed in the adminiſtration of its government, to withdraw the allegiance of its ſubjects, to diſſuade them from oppoſing the enemy, in caſe of invaſion, and to invite ſixty or ſeventy thouſand of a perfidious enemy to land in this kingdom. In the addreſs which you delivered in this court in extenuation of puniſhment, you, inſtead of expreſſing contrition, gloried in the ſentiments you had publiſhed, and contended for free priviledge of ſpeaking and writing. All men, it is true, have a right to deliver ſentiments, provided thoſe ſentiments be not contrary to the laws of the country, offenſive to ſociety, or injurious to individuals. In this claſs your enormity is great, the ſentiments you have publiſhed ſtrikes at the root of all government, and tend to promote the ruin and downfall of our happy conſtitution. But it is impoſſible for me to add any thing to the excellent obſervations which were made by his Majeſty's attorney general when the cauſe was tried. Your guilt has great aggravation, inaſmuch as you are an Engliſhman—a perſon profeſſing to be a chriſtian, and a miniſter of the goſpel. Conſidered as an Engliſhman, who can read without horror your recommendation not to oppoſe a vindictive foe, the enemy not only of this country, but of all regular government, in a war not of commerce, or aggrandiſement, but, according to the avowed declaration in their ſenate, a war of extermination—Delenda eſt Carthago is the maxim they had held forth from the beginning of the conteſt; and he who perſuades the country not to oppoſe ſuch an enemy, invites their invaſion. As a Chriſtian, you invite to this coutry an army of 60 or 70,000 men of a nation who, in ten ſhort years, have been ſucceſſively Catholics, Dieſts, Atheiſts, and good Muſſelmen; who have baniſhed their Prieſts, and murdered their king. As a clergyman, how is it poſſible to reconcile what you have written with your ſacred character? To encourage a foe who have not only carried fire and ſword againſt their enemies but have deſolated and plundered inoffenſive and peaceable ſtates. States whoſe only crime was, that they were not at enmity with Great Britain. Look at Switzerland, Italy, and Egypt. Your pamphlet and your Speech in extenuation, are altogether contradictory. In the former you moſt ſeditiouſly encourage the invaſion of the common enemy; and in the later you hold forth ſentiments of peace and good will towards all men. In your pamphlet you ſpeculate on the conſequences of what you call an alteration, which you affirm would make no difference in this country, except the abolition of the name of a ſovereign. What! have the countries ſubjugated by France, has France herſels experienced no other difference? Has not treaſon baniſhed from thence her liberties, her religion, her enjoyments of all ſocial comforts? and would not England ſuffer in the ſame degree, in the event of a ſimilar alteration? In your addreſs, you mentioned that your puniſhment muſt involve your family in diſtreſs. It is far from our wiſh to make the innocent ſuffer on account of the guilty; but in a ſtate of ſociety this connot always be entirely avoided. You ſhould have had theſe charitable ideas; you ſhould have thought upon your children before publiſhing this pamphlet; you ſhould not have committed a crime to the injury of thoſe who depend upon you for ſubſiſtence; and it is particularly to be reprobated, that you, whoſe ſuperior talents, learning in education, joined to the ſacred character in which you are cloathed, might have made you an honor and an ornament of ſociety and of your cloath, inſtead of leading you to the diſgraceful ſituation in which you now ſtand. We have conſidered your circumſtances; and, as a fine enquivalent to the enormity of your offence might be really a ſentence of perpetual impriſonment, which this court will never inflict except where the law particularly directs it, this, therefore, will not be any part of your puniſhment."

The Court then adjudged him to be impriſoned for two years in the goal of Dorcheſter, and to give ſecurity for his good behaviour for five years thereafter, himſelf in 500l and two ſnreties in 250l. each. His Lordſhip concluded his addreſs by a ſolemn admonition to the defendant to paſs the hours of his impriſonment in repentance for his crime, and the remaining part of his life in atoning, to his injured country.

The King *v.* Parry, *and* others.

Mr. John Parry the Proprietor of The Courier, received ſentence for the publication of a libel on the Emperor of Ruſſia. He was ordered to pay a fine of 100l. to be impriſoned in the King's Bench for ſix calendar months, and to give ſecurity for good behaviour for the ſpace of five years, to be computed from the expiration of that term, himſelf in 500l. and two ſecurities in 250l. each and farther to be impriſoned till ſuch fine be paid, and ſuch ſecurity given.

John Vint and George Roſs, the Printer and Publiſher of the ſame paper, were ſentenced to one month's impriſonment in the King's Bench.

Lord Thanet, we underſtand, will not be brought up to receive judgment until late in the preſent term, on account of his affliction for the loſs of his brother, who died a few days ſince.

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.

John Wilkins,
Charles Wikins, &
Matthew Erneſt,
vs.
Levi Munſell.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Foreign Attachment hath iſſued from the general Court of the territory North weſt oft he river Ohio, at the ſuit of John Wilkins, Charles Wilkins, and Matthew Erneſt, againſt the Lands and Tenements, Goods, Chattles and Effects, Rights and Credits of Levi Munſell, and that unleſs the ſaid Levi ſhall appear by himſelf or attorney and give ſpecial bail to anſwer the ſuit of the ſaid plaintiffs, Judgment will be entered againſt him by Default, and the property attached will be ſold for the ſatisfaction of all creditors who ſhall appear to be juſtly intitled to a demand thereon, and who ſhall apply for that purpoſe.

DANIEL SYMMES, Clerk
of the General Court.

Cincinnati 12th Nov. 1798. } july 23

ſeo2w.

A SMALL QUANTITY OF

SPANISH INDIGO,

Juſt arrived—and for ſale by
KEARNY WHARTON.
WHO HAS ON HAND,
French Brandy and Black Pepper.

To Rent,

A CONVENIENT STORE and COUNTING HOUSE, No. 111, South Water Street, and an excellent CELLAR near the Cuſtom Houſe.

Auguſt 6. d6t.

IRISH LINENS.

A good aſſortment of
4-4 & 7-8 wide Iriſh Linens,
in half boxes,
Some of which are very fine—alſo, a few bales
3-4 & 7-8 brown & half bleached Dowlas,
Suitable for the St. Domingo trade, and entitled to drawback.
Which will be diſpoſed of on reaſonable terms by the package.

JAMES CLIBBORN & ENGLISH,
No. 13, ſouth Front ſtreet.
july 19 tu t ſa tf

To be Let, in Germantown,
To a ſmall family,
Handſome Lodgings,
In part, furniſhed,
CONSISTING of a parlor and two chambers, with the uſe of a kitchen and cellar. Enquire at Mr. Charles Engles, in Germantown.
auguſt 5 drw

NOTICE.

THE heirs of the Reverend JOHN WADE, formerly from Yorkſhire in Grea Britain, late of the State of New-Jerſey in the United States of America, are hereby requeſted to make application to the Subſcriber, in Philadelphia, No. 131, Market Street, in order to receive the proceeds of the ſaid eſtate.

EDWARD THOMSON,
Adminiſtrator to the Eſtate of the ſaid John Wade.

Auguſt 7 drm

One Hundred Dollars Reward
For the Thief, and Ten Dollars for the Horſe,

STRAYED or ſtolen on the night of the 31ſt Ult. out of the Paſture of the ſubſcriber near Frankford, a Light Bay Horſe, about 15 hands high, ſix years old, a natural Trotter, black mane and Tail, and ſmall ſnip, good carriage, thin breaſted and apt to cut; any perſon who will proſecute the Thief to conviction ſhall receive the above reward or Ten Dollars to return the horſe.

ISAAC W. MORRIS.

Who has for ſale a genteel Coacheo with blinds.

auguſt 2 ¶d6t.

CAUTION.

THE public are cautioned from purchaſing any of the Tracks of Lands advertiſed by the Marſhal as the property of William Blount, Eſq. as the whole of the ſaid Tracts are the property of the ſubſcriber, and not in any degree of the ſaid William Blount.

R. SMYTH.

Phila. 9th Aug. 1799 ¶ d2t

Potts-Grove, Auguſt 6th 1799.

THE Second Troop of Montgomery Dragoons, under the command of the ſubſcriber, will meet at Potts-Grove, on Saturday the 17th inſt. 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in uniform.

ROBERT SHAW, Capt.

aug. 8. dt17.

Inſurance Company of the State of Pennſylvania.

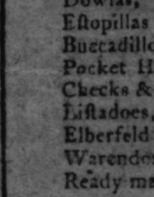
Auguſt 1, 1799.

THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of THIRTY DOLLARS on each Share of the Stock of this Company for the laſt half year, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal repreſentatives after the 10th inſtant.

JAMES S. COX, *President.*

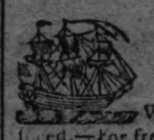
Auguſt 1. dtf.

Wanted to Charter for the Weſt-Indies,



A VESSEL,
To carry from 1000 to 1500 BARRELS.
Apply to
PRAGERS & Co.
auguſt 9 d1w

FOR LONDON,



THE SHIP
FAME,
EDWARD JONES, *Maſter,*
WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed.—For freight or paſſage apply to
JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 174, South Third Street.
Auguſt 5 dtf.

FOR SALE,
The cargo of the brig Enterpriſe from Havanna
CONSISTING OF
300 boxes of white and brown Sugars,
90 hogſheads of Molaſſes,
And a few Tons of LOGWOOD,
Which will be landed in two or three days.
Apply to
WHARTON & LEWIS,
113 South Front-ſtreet.
auguſt 9 §

NOW LANDING,
From on board the Brig MARIA,
AT WALNUT STREET WHARF,
And for ſale by the Subſcribers,
GERMAN LINENS,
—*CONSISTING OF*—
Rouanes,
White Platillas,
Bretagnes,
Bag Linnen,
Creas à la Morlaix,
Dowlas,
Eſtopillas unies, Eſtopillas clarines,
Buccadillos,
Pocket Handkerchiefs,
Checks & Stripes,
Liſtadoes,
Elberfeld Checks,
Warendorf Linnen,
Ready made ſhirts.
ON HAND,
Bourdeaux Claret in hogſheads,
do. do. in caſes.
St. Peterſburgh Hemp,
Ruſſia Briſtles,
Engliſh Sailduck,
Broadcloth, &c.
ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMAN,
No. 113, South Third Street.
auguſt 8 d2ot

JUST PUBLISHED,
[PRICE TWO DOLLARS.]
FOR SALE BY
H. & P. RICE,
No. 16, *South Second Street.*
BRITISH & IRISH
PUBLIC CHARACTERS,
OF 1798.
Memoirs of the following perſonages are given in this volume.

Earl of Moira,	Mr. Dundas,
Sir John Sinclair,	Lord Kilwarden,
Mr. Roſcoe,	Mr. Curran,
Earl of Liverpool,	Lord Monboddo,
Mr. A. Newland,	Mr. D. Barrington,
Mr. Fox,	Dr. O'Leary,
Mr. Pitt,	Lord Yelverton,
Dr. Darwin,	Mr. Iſaac Corry,
Lord Hood,	Mr. J. Beresford,
Sir G. L. Staunton,	Mr. J. Foſter,
Mr. T. Taylor,	Dr. Burney,
General Melville,	Dr. Herſchel,
Biſhop of London,	Mr. J. Groſe,
Dean Tucker,	Mr. Kemble
Lord Duncan,	Miſs Seward,
Biſhop of Rocheſter,	Lord Chancellor of Ireland,
Mr. Juſtice Buller,	
Dr. Walcott,	Mr. Cumberland,
Aph. of Canterbury,	Sir A. Macdonald,
Mr. A. Murphy,	Mrs. Siddons,
Earl of Dartmouth,	Bp. of Saliſbury,
Biſhop of Durham,	Sir John Scott,
Mr. King (the comedian	Duke of Norfolk,
Aph. of Wincheſter,	Dr. Towers,
Mr. Jackſon, of Exeter	Lord Thurlow,
Lord Malmeſbury,	Marquis Cornwallis,
Dr. J. White,	Dr. Prieſtley,
Bp. of Worceſter.	Miſs More,
Earl of Buchan,	Mr. Aldermrn Boydell,
Mr. Norchote, R. A.	Mr. George Dyer,
Bp. of Llandaff,	Mr. D'Iſrael,
Mr. H. Erſkine,	Mr. D. Williams
Lord Charlemont,	Mr. G. Wakefield
Mr. Grattan,	Mr. Opie, R. A.
Mr. W. S. Smith,	Lord Rokoby
Dr. T. Hawes,	Lord Nelſon.

WHERE MAY BE HAD

The ſeventh vol. of Durnford and Eaſt's Reports complete 8 vo.

The Rolliad, in two parts; Probationary Odes for the Laureatſhip; and Political Miſcellanies with criticiſms and Illuſtrations.

The Purſuits of Literature, a Satirical Poem, in four dialogues, with notes.

Auguſt 8. th&ſat

JUST RECEIVED,
And for ſale by the ſubscribers,
30 Tons LOGWOOD,
ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMAN,
No. 113, South Third Street.
auguſt 3 d3t

By this Day's Mail.

NASSAU, (N. P.) July 16.

Accounts received last evening from Cuba state that an express vessel from Cadiz, brought a few days since to the Havanna, certain information of the Brest and Spanish squadron having effected a junction, and actually, gone through the Gut of Gibralter into the Mediterranean, favoured by a very strong north west wind, which compelled the British squadron at anchor to be calm spectators of the business. The whole combined force is said to exceed forty sail of the line, and was to be joined by eight more from Carthagena.

The scene of warfare being removed from the neighbourhood of Cadiz, the merchants are represented as being indefatigable in entering on new commercial enterprizes to the colonies. A convoy was expected to arrive from Cadiz at Havannah, about the end of this month. This hint, we doubt not, will meet with attention from our cruisers, who, in all probability, will find their account, as heretofore, in keeping a sharp look out to the eastward of the Mora Passage, in the Old Straits, and off Abaco.

In consequence of commercial intercourse between Cadiz and Cuba, it is said that neutral vessels with European or East India goods on board, will not in future be admitted into the ports of that island. Of this introduction however there was little necessity: as the quantities of dry goods lately thrown into Cuba,, from America, are said to be so immense as to have overstocked the market.

The latest intelligence we have respecting the St. Domingo negociation, is by no means favourable to the expectation of its terminating in a manner promising advantage to British or American commerce. Many of the best informed people in the British colonies deprecate the allowing any intercourse whatever between the sable coulored citizens and our islands: as no possible advantage to arise therefrom can compensate the extreme risk to domestic security, which must thereby be incurred.

Toussaint, we are told, has no objection to admittiug British vessels, but he demands a reciprocity which cannot be allowed.

July 19.

Detained Vessels lately sent in here.

American ship Rebecca, Bowles, from Turks Island for Havanna, by H. M. S. Lark.

American Snow Romulus, Dalton, from Havanna for Charlestton.

American ship Diana, from N. York, for Havanna.

American brig Sally, from Martinique for Havanna.

American ship Agnes, from Carthagena for New-York.

American schooner Lydia, from Truxillo for Philadelphia; sent in by H. M. S. La Volage.

American schooner Betsey, Hands, from Charlestton for Havanna, by H. M. S. Lark.

American schooner Hazard, from Norfolk for Havanna, by the privateer Three Brothers.

BALTIMORE, August 8.

The following letter from the supercargo of the ship Ardent, to S. Smith and Buchanan, owners, is handed us for publication:—

It is with the greatest regret that I announce to you the capture of your ship Ardent, which happened on the 16th of May. It was 8 o'clock in the morning, when we found ourselves off Cape Trasalgar, and at the same time discovered five sail of small vessels over on the Barbary shore, which we took to be Spanish—we, soon however, found we were mistaken; for it being calm, they, rowed up to us very fast, having French colors hoisted; and at about half past 8. (it then blowing a light breeze) one of them fired a shot to bring us to, which shot we answered, making the best of our way. In a short time they came within gun shot of us and formed a line.—We fought until 11 o'clock, when by accident our powder on deck caught fire and blew capt. Smith an two of our men up. I was considerable time before I could see what had happened, and think my surprize, when I saw our poor captain lying on the deck, all on fire and covered with blood. In five minutes afterwards they all came up with us—longer resistance was useless—our colours were hauled down but this did not put an end to our misfortune They boarded us and in a cruel manner wounded three more of our men with their swords; they then demanded our papers, which I handed them. After having overhauled them, they searched every thing and took whatever they wanted. They carried us into Algesiras, where we now are laying quarantine and God knows when it will be taken off. My begging to have the captain and wounded men ashore is useless, all I could obtain with the assistance of the vice consul is that they have sent us a doctor from shore.

I shall enter a protest in the captain's name as soon as I get ashore. I do not believe there is any prospect of ever getting either ship or cargo clear, several American vessels which have been carried in here, have been condemned immediately. I am afraid it will take a long time before captain Smith will be able to go back to America; three canister shots went right through his left calf, all the skin is burnt from his feet, his hands and head are the same, and he has been out of his senses almost all the time.

I try to send this letter ashore secretly—Our prize master does not permit me to write one line.

I am, gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
C. F. KALKMAN.

On board the Ardent, May 20, '99.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *AUGUST* 10.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 3.

Six per Cent.	15/3 to 4d	
Deferred 6 per Cent.	14/4 5d	
Three per Cent.	9/	
BANK United States,	15 to 16	Advance.
—— North America,	45 to 47	
—— Pennsylvania,	14	
Insurance comp. N.A. shares	15	
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	27 to 28	
8 per Cent Stock—funded—par		
Do Scrip with the five Instalments	2	below par
Do. the 5th Instalment only	6	
East-India Company of N. A. par.		
Land Warrants, 30 dolls. per 100 acres.		

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On London,	51 at 30 days
	50 at 60 à 90 days
Amsterdam,	35 à 37-100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 23 à-100 per Mark Banco.

"*For we hear, that there are some, which walk among you disorderly, working not at all, but are busy bodies.*"

HAD St. Paul lived in our days, he might have witnessed the same fact, and might have been furnished with abundant proof, that we have among us some, who who are "true descendants of these very Thessalonians. Some, indeed, whose origin cannot be questioned; whose lineage, from a decided similarity of character, need not be traced by the herald's art; and who prove themselves to be "sons worthy of their sires."

"*Busy bodies*" are of various descriptions, but the whole race is well characterised in the text, that they "walk disorderly" and "work not at all." All moralists agree, that indolence is the parent of vice; and all men may observe, that those who do nothing good are usually found to be earnestly engaged in the ways of evil doing. From the active nature of the human mind, it must be furnished with employment, and if its attention is not directed towards virtuous and valuable objects, it necessarily quits the foldings of sloth, and eagerly engages in the service of iniquity. Thus it is, that that, that those who have no important employment, who have no serious incitements to valuable mental exertion, who have no *real business*, uniformly become "*busy bodies*," and are ever found with an ear open to the tale of slander, and a tongue faithful to its propogation.

I have said, that there are various descriptions of "*busy bodies.*" There are those who are so from want of sense, and those who are so from absolute dishonesty. There are those of this description, who are in the dawn, those in the meridian, and those in the evening of life. There are those who incur the reputation by *intermeddling* with momentous national concerns, and these who "busy" themselves with the most trivial and unimportant matters of a neighbor's household. But, though their classes are as numerous as the employments of men, and as diversified as the varied hue of human action; yet a certain *identity* of character so marks the whole as to bring them fairly within the scope of general observations.

"*Busy bodies*" are not more distinguished by their indolence, than by a total ignorance of the subjects which command their attention. They usually know nothing about their own concerns, and are seldom correct in their knowledge of "other men's matters." They are common fame's imps, and prove truly faithful in the service of their mistress. They hear every tale, which is fabricated by malice, or conjured into existence by fancy, and give it circulation through a thousand channels. Between truth and falshood, they know, or act as if they know no discrimination; and their calumniating tales are never stifled from the consideration, that they may poison the peace and destroy the happiness of a friend. They are usually destitute of common honesty, of common feeling, and not unfrequently of common sense. With this complication of sloth, folly and vice, a "*busy body*" is often blessed with a self confidence, which renders him "wiser in his own conceit, than seven men who can render a reason." He, consequently, assumes the right of deciding upon the actions of his neighbors, in point of rectitude, propriety and expediency. He is ever ready to advise to the right path, and wonderfully prompt in the correction of error. Moreover, his advice is tendered without the hope of reward, and his obliging reproof afforded without a prospect of compensation.

From a censor of morals and a man, who undertakes to advise and reprove others in momentous concerns, it might naturally be expected, that his undertaking should be sanctioned by a life of eminent virtue and distinguished purity. But this is rarely the case with the character I have described; for he is often noted as an associate with those who "walk disorderly." If the life of such an one be bared to inspection, it presents a foul picture, "full of naughty deeds." He is a liar and a hypocrite; he abuses private confidence, and profanes the hallowed secrecy of friendship. Not unfrequently does he "busy" himself with the moral blemishes of others, that he may thereby withdraw all observation from his own ghastly deformities. In short, to his acquaintance he is a pest, to himself he is worthless, and in the estimation of the world an object of detestation or contempt.

That characters, too strictly comporting with my description, not only exist but abound, is a truth, which effrontery itself cannot deny. The envious or malicious "*busy body*," who has chiefly attracted my attention, forms a fit subject for sage admonition, and for poignant satire. But there is, moreover, a well-meaning, officious, butter-fly sort of "*busy body*," which is ever wandering from object to object, whose greatest crime is its *impertinence*, and whose life is a series of insignificance. Without talents for hardy mischief, this being floats upon the surface of human occurrences, and is viewed by a philosopher as a harmless creature, who forms a link in the chain of existence, or supplies a chasm in creation. This class of "*busy bodies*" will receive benefit neither from the counsel of the sage, nor from the scourge of the satirist. They live "their appointed time upon the earth," and then "their name is covered with darkness." In short, respecting the various descriptions of "busy bodies," we conclude that they are either so abominably wicked as to excite universal abhorrence, so miserably weak as to become objects of contempt, or so perfectly insignificant as to be neither despised nor detested.

The Lay Preacher of Pennsylvania.

MR. FENNO,

IN reflecting on the present position of affairs in Europe, and considering how it might affect the concerns of the United States, a few questions presented themselves, which, not being able to answer to my own satisfaction, I request you will publish in your Gazette, that I may have the chance of being informed by some of your more sagacious readers.

If the American Executive send Ambassadors to treat with the French government, as was intended last fall, will their credentials be directed to "His Most Christian Majesty, Lous XVIII," or to the "President of the Executive Directory"—or will it be more prudent to wait for further information from our sagacious Minister at the Hague?

As part of their business will be to demand compensation for French spoliations, will the King think it just to pay for the plunder of his rebellious subjects, to a state which not only acknowledged them as friends and allies, but assisted them by a gratuitous advance of money, and other essential services, to rob and enslave other nations?

As the loan we obtained from France, during the war of Independance, has been repaid to usurpers, who had no better title to it than that of confiscation and plunder, will not actual proprietors demand their own, as soon as they recover the power?

As the American Commissioners have thought proper to suspend that article of the British treaty, which relates to the payment of old debts, and which is by far the most important of all its articles to British subjects; query, will not George III. and his ministry declare that the whole of the treaty is null and void, and imitating our example, suspend certain privileges which the citizens of America enjoy in the East and West Indies:—or if they should get much out of humour with us, will they not attempt to recover by force what is withheld by fraud; and in such a case, shall we not have reason to acknowledge in the end, that "Honesty is the best Policy?"

QUERIST.

MARRED,]—At Pottstown, on Monday the 5th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Herman, Mr. JAMES M'CLINTACK merchant of that place, to Miss PATTY BULL, daughter of Thomas Bull, Esquire of Chester county.

☞ The letter bag of the Abigail for *Bristol*, will be closed early on Sunday morning next, at the bar of the Coffee House.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia.

CLEARED.

Brig Harriot, King, Bermuda
Sloop James, Nesbitt, Martinique

Capt. Langdon, of the brig Enterprize, arrived at the Fort, sailed from the Havanna, the 23d July, in company with 16 sail, under convoy of the South Carolina and Pinckney brigs, among which was the sloop Nelly, Scherer, of and for this port. The South Carolina and Pinckney are stationed off the Havannah, and convoyed us to lat. 34, 30. Left at the Havannah, the following vessels belonging to this port; ship Eagle, Dennet; brig Jack, and schooner Susannah; also two or three vessels belonging to Baltimore names unknown. Spoke nothing on her passage.

Capt. Dill, of the brig Venus, from Surinam. Left there the following Philadelphia vessels:

Ship Brothers, Hawkins,
Brig Leonard, Turner, for Philadelphia
Schr. John, Ford, do.
Sloop Liberty, Johnson, do.

Capt. Dill, of the Venus, July 15th, was boarded by the U. S sloop of war Portsmouth, capt M'Neil, cruising off the mouth of Surrinam river; having been there 6 or 7 days. July 28th, lat. 18, long. 70, spoke schr. Atlantic, West, bound for Cape Francois out 8 days, all well—spoke the ship Dolphin, Wallace, at the mouth of the river.

There lay at Surrinam a French 20 gun ship, bending her sails nearly ready for sea, carrying one hundred men.

Brig American, Venn, from Gibraltar, is below.

Capt, Kennedy of the schr. Nancy, left at Kingston 12th July, the ship Townsend, Scherer, of Philadelphia; Swallwood, ——, Alexandria, from Martinique, loaded with flour, not being able to sell to windward.—Several vessels were at Kingston under trial. On the 16th July, lat. 21, 30, North, long. 82, 10, West, boarded by the Echo, British sloop of war, treated politely and dismissed without detention,

Arrived at the Fort.

Sloop Nelly, Sherman, Havanna, left it 25th July.

Supply, Town, St. Thomas's, left it 23d July.

New-York, Aug. 9.

ARRIVED.

		days
Brig Polly, ——,	*Havannah*	15
Republican, Hodgkins,	*Savanna*	7
Schr. Amphitrite, Vetor,	*Charlestton*	6
Sloop Mary, Thompson,	*Virginia*	5
Phoebe Ann, Churherr	*do.*	
Fair American, Andrews	*Jamaica*	27

Yesterday arrived the sloop Fair American, Andrews, from Port Royal, (Jamaica) 22 days—With 10 hhds. Rum.

July 24, lat. 23, 51, spoke brig Nancy, of Salem, from La Guira bound to the Havannah, out 37 days; had been on an allowance of one pint of water per day for 20 days; supplied them with 30 gallons of water.

August 4, lat. 33, 00, spoke ship Nancy of Salem, from the Bay of Honduras, for New-York, 7 days out, Capt. Wandle, belonging to Mr. Carpenter, of this city, merchant.

From Kingston, (Jam.) papers, received, to the 13th July.

Kingston, Jam. July 12.

ARRIVED.

Brig Sally Simpson, Newburyport
Sloop Victori, Charlestton 15

The Columbia, was obliged to put into Port Maria and Annotto Bay, on account of high breezes.

Letters received from Martinique mention the arrival of his Majesty's brig Victorieuse, at that Island—She sailed from this, with transports having black troops on board under her convoy.

It is reported that two privateers of considerable force are cruising in the bite of Leogane, and, that the Quebec has gone in quest of them.

His Majesty's ship Stork, captain La Roche, arrived yesterday from a cruize, she brought in here a Dutch schooner laden with Dry Goods and provisions, taken on her passage from St. Thomas's to Curracoa.

July 13.

His Majesty's ship Carnatic sailed yesterday on a cruise.

An American schr. prize to his Majesty's ship Quebec, arrived yesterday; she is laden with house frames.

Letters from Black river mention, that the boisterous weather and leeward current prevents all doggers from getting to windward; it has prevailed for these three weeks last past, and still continues. Upwards of 20 doggers are now lying there wind bound laden with logwood and fustic for the ensuing fleet. The Hannibal and a frigate are off that port beating to windward.

The Letrets received from Port Antonia, by yesterday's post, do not relieve us with respect to the fears entertained of the capture of some of the homeward bound vessels: it appears that the fleet sailed from thence on the 2d inst. but that neither winds or current was favourable to them.

Montego Bay, July 6.

Wednesday arrived at Falmouth, the brig Twins Scott, from New York, in 22 days, captain Scott passed through the homeward bound fleet last Tuesday; the leading ships were above Port Antonie, and the rear of the fleet off Port Maria. The Admiral's ship was laying to, giving instructions to the fleet. Capt. Scott spoke the ship Flora, Baker, all well.

We are concerned to state that one of the ships had lost her fore mast and bowsprit and has put into St. Ann's Bay.

Tuesday arrived the brig Endeavour, Duncan, from Kingston.

The schooner Barbara, Clay, sailed from Savannah la Mar, the 28th ult. for New-York.

Falmouth, July 10.

Thursday last arrived the schooner Brothers, Rumford Halifax, in 34 days.

The American brig Hannah, Hunt, arrived at Montego Bay on Saterday, in 34 days from Newburyport.

On Saterday at the same port, the ship Rio Nova, Appleby, (late Maddocks,) from the Gold-Coast, with a cargo of 462 young slaves, addressed to Messrs Jaques, Laing, and Moulton,—The Rio-Nova sailed from the coast of Africa under convoy of H. M. S. Amphion, Capt. Bennett, the only ship that came from hence under her convoy.

In lat. 4, N. long 10 W. Capt. Maddocks, late commander of the ship Rio Nova, died of a billious fever.

The ship George, Watson of Liverpool, one of the homeward bound fleet, that loaded at this port has been run foul of by the ship Camperdown, of London, off Port Antonio, and is since arrived at St. Ann's Bay, with the loss of her foremast and Bowsprit.

One of his Majesty's ships, supposed to be the Hannibal, of 74 guns, was off Bluefields last Sunday morning, with the loss of her main and mizen-masts.—It is not yet known how the accident happened—the ship was endeavouring to get to windward.

Baltimore, August 8.

ARRIVED,

Schooner Paulina, Coboon, Curracoa

List of American vessels at Curracoa the the 11th July 1799.

Ship Traveller, Billups, of Baltimore.
Brig Polly, Campbell, do.
Brothers, Cox, do.
Schooner Virgo, Fuller, New-York.
John, Thunton, do.
Racoon, Bingham, Boston.
Sloop William, Hollister, New-York.
Hester, Bell, do.

For Sale, Freight or Charter.

THE BRIG
TWO BROTHERS,
Elijah Stoddert, master.

BURTHEN one thousand five hundred Barrels.
For terms, apply to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
august 10 d6t

UNITED STATES, } ss.
Pennsylvania District. }

IN Pursuance of a Writ to me directed from the Honorable Richard Peters, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District, will be exposed to public sale at the Merchants' Coffee House in the City of Philadelphia on Tuesday the 20th day of August inst. at 12 o'clock at noon.

The armed French vessel,
CALLED
LE VAINQUEUR.

With all and singular her apparel, guns and appurtenances, captured by the public armed ship called the Ganges, Thomas Tingey, Esq. commander (the public armed vessel called the Norfolk, commanded by William Bainbridge, Esq. being in sight of the said armed French vessel, and in company with the said ship Ganges, at the time of the said capture) and condemned according to law.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, marshal.

N. B. The inventory may be seen at my office.
Marshal's Office at Philadelphia, August 10th, 1799. } dts

WANTED TO PURCHASE.
FOR CASH OR ON CREDIT.
Coffee, Cotton, Logwood & Hides.
APPLY TO
PRATT & KINTZING.

WHO HAVE ON HAND
A very extensive assortment of
GERMAN LINENS, &c.
Suitable for the West India market, which they offer for sale, at moderate prices, or will barter them for West India produce.
august 10 ſt&th2w

WANTS A PLACE,
AS WET NURSE,
A YOUNG WOMAN with a good breast of Milk, who can be well reccommended, enquire at No. 104, Chesnut-street.
july 10 3t

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my Wife *BETSEY D'YPE*, has left my bed and board, all persons are forbid trusting her or my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

his
HENRY ✕ D'YPE.
mark.

august 10 ¶ 3t

TO LET,
And possession given the 7th of next month
A Three story Brick House,
with a good kitchen and cellar, in Second-street near to the New market, enquire of
THOMAS GREEVES,
No 73 Walnut-street.
july 23. 3taw2w¶

TO LET,
A convenient, genteel and two story
BRICK HOUSE,
With a large yard, near the corner of Market and Sixth streets.
Enquire at the Brewery, corner of Dock and Pear streets, of
LUKE W. MORRIS.
july 27 3aw2w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT feparate propofals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next enfuing, for the fupply of all rations, which may be required for the ufe of the United States, from the firft day of October, 1799, to the thirtieth day of September, 1800, both days inclufive, at the places and within the two diftricts herein after firft mentioned; and alfo that feparate propofals will be received at the faid office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next enfuing, for the fupply of all rations which may be required as aforefaid, from the firft day of January in the year 1800, to the thirty-firft day of December in the fame year, both days inclufive, at the place and within the feveral ftates herein after mentioned, viz.

Firft—Propofals to fupply all rations, that may be required, at Ofwego; at Niagara; at Preſqu'ifle; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Le Bœuf; at Cincinnati; at Picque town, and Loramies ftores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance, on the Miami river to Lake Erie, at Fort Knox, and Ouatanon on the river Wabafh; at Maffac; at any place or places on the eaft fide of the river Miffiffippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio, and upon the Illinois river.

Second—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the eaft fide of the Miffiffippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the fouthern boundary of the ftate of Kentucky and within the faid ftate; at Knoxville; at all other poſts and places within the ſtate of Tenneſſee; at South Weſt Point; at Tellico Block-houſe, at St. Stephens on the river Tombigby and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the ſoutnern boundary of the ſtate of Tenneſſee and within the boundary of the United States.

Third—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required, at Point-Petre; at Coleraine; at Savannah, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the ſtate of Georgia, at all forts or ſtations on the Oconnee and Alatamaha, and at all other places in the Creek Nation, within the limits of the United States, where troops are or may be ſtationed.

Fourth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnſon, at Fort Pinckney, at Charleſton, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited in the ſtate of South Carolina.

Fifth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beac n Iſland, Ocracock; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville; at Sa'isbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited in the ſtate of North Carolina.

Sixth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portſmouth, at Kempſville, at Charlotteville, at Wincheſter, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leeſburg, at Fredericksburg, at Cartersville, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited, in the ſtate of Virginia.

Seventh—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort M'Henry, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hagers town, at Bladenſburg, at George town, at Harper's ferry, at Eaſtown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Maryland.

Eighth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Miffiin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancaſter, at Wilkesbarre, at Reading, at Briſtol, at Yorktown, at Carliſle, at Lewiſtown (Miffiin county) at Bedford, at Greenſburg, at Waſhington, at Eaſtown, at Wilmington, at Chriſtiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtates of Pennſylvania and Delaware, except the poſts within the ſtate of Pennſylvania, enumerated in the firſt propoſals aforeſaid.

Ninth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Hackenſac, at Elizabeth town, at New-Brunſwick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Jerſey.

Tenth—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at New-York, at Weſt-Point, at Fluſhing, at Haerlem, at Weſt-Cheſter, at Poughkeepſie, at Kenderhook, at Stillwater, at Newburg, at Albany, at Conejoharie, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of New York, except the poſts within the ſaid ſtate enumerated in the firſt propoſals aforeſaid.

Eleventh—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New London, at Bro klynn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield t Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Connecticut.

Twelfth—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Rhode-Iſland.

Thirteenth—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Portland in the Diſtrict of Maine Gloucester, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boſton, at Springfield, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Maſſachuſetts.

Fourteenth—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Portſmouth, at Exeter, at Windſor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any Fort, place or places, where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the States of New-Hampſhire and Vermont.

The Ration to be fupplied, is to conſiſt of the following articles, viz. Eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of ſifted or boulted indian meal, one pound and a quarter of freſh beef, or one pound of ſalted beef, or three quarters of a pound of ſalted Pork, and when freſh meat is iſſued, ſalt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations, ſoap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the propoſals will alſo extend to the fupply of rum, whiſkey, or other ardent ſpirits at the rate of half a gill per ration, and Vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The propoſals will ſpecify the price of the ſeveral component parts of the ration, as well as thoſe of ſubſtitutes or ,alternatives for parts thereof.

The rations are to be furniſhed in ſuch quantities as that there ſhall at all times, during the term of the propoſed contracts, be ſufficient for the conſumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit Niagara and Oſwego, for ſix months in advance, and at each of the other poſts on the weſtern waters, for at leaſt three months in advance, of good and wholeſome proviſions, if the ſame ſhall be required. It is alſo to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places, or poſts to call for at ſeaſons when the ſame can be tranſported, or at any time in caſe of urgency, ſuch ſupplies of like proviſions in advance, as in the diſcretion of the commandant ſhall be deemed proper. It is to be underſtood that the contractor is to be at the expence and riſk of iſſuing the ſupplies to the troops, and that all loſſes, ſuſtained, by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, ſhall be paid for at the price of the article captured or deſtroyed, on the depoſitions of two or more perſons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commiſſioned officer, aſcertaining the circumſtances of the loſs, and the amount of the articles, for which compenſation ſhall be claimed.

The privilege is to be underſtood to be reſerved to the United States of requiring, that none of the ſupplies which may be furniſhed under any of the propoſed contracts ſhall be iſſued, until the ſupplie which have or may be furniſhed under contracts now in force have been conſumed, and that a ſupply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed poſts on the Sea-board or Indian frontiers not exceeding three months.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

merch 29

TERMS
Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,
FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE
JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,
FROM THE COMMENCEMENT
Of the American War, in 1774, to the preſent time,
INCLUDING
The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now firſt permitted to be made public.

—

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat tipe, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in ſize, paper, and binding, will be obſerved throughout the work; ſo that, while the ſubſcribers become poſſeſſed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to ſubſcribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound, but, as the publiſher does not intend to print manmore than the number ſubſcribed for, a conſiderable riſe on the price may be expected to non-ſubſcribers.

Each volume will contain about one third leſs of letter-preſs than the original edition; but, as the publiſher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot aſcertain the number of volumes which will compriſe the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subſcribers will have it at their option, either to ſubſcribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the preſent time, or to thoſe only of the Old Congreſs prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

—

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are loſt in darkneſs and obſcurity, owing to a careleſsneſs, in the ſucceeding generation, to preſerve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in thoſe rude ages, being called off from their domeſtic concerns, to engage in wars and conqueſt. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been tranſmitted to our days? Time, that deſtroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almoſt inеſtimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their aſſiſtance in tranſmitting to poſterity the labours of their anceſtors —founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will ſhow the ſupport it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June 15, 1798.*

"To the Honorable the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subſcribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Reſpectfully ſheweth,*

"That having, in our reſpective avocations, frequent occaſions to recur to the Journals of Congreſs, we experience inconvenience by the ſcarcity of them: That we underſtand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed proſecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, reſpectfully ſolicit, as the publication is neceſſary to be diſſeminated among public bodies, that Congreſs will, in their wiſdom, render him ſuch additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, ſo that your Memorialiſts may be enabled to purchaſe copies of that record for themſelves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samſon Levy, T. Roſs, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joſeph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompſon, Jared Ingerſoll, Jaſper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibſon, M. Keppele, Moſes Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander J. Dallas, Joſeph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Wain Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun. Edward Penniington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Crukſhank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armſtrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, preſented to the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for
"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, be authoriſed and directed, to ſubſcribe, on ſuch terms as they may deem eligible, for the uſe of the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congreſs, which are propoſed to be publiſhed by Richard Folwell and ſuch number of copies of deficient volumes of the ſets now in print, as may be neceſſary to complete the ſame.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
Approved, March 2d, 1799.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

may 20. 1awtf

TAKE NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber, having obtained Letters of Adminiſtration on the perſonal Eſtate of John Morton, late of Cœcal County in the ſtate of Maryland, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are warned to exhibit the ſame with the vouchers thereof, on the 6th day of Auguſt next, at the town of Warwick, in ſaid county and ſtate, that a dividend of the aſſetts in hand, may be made agreeable to law.

REBECCA MORTON, Admin'x.
Warwich, July 2. [July 5] 3awt6A.

The Swift-Sure,

A NEW LINE OF STAGES,
NOW RUNNING BETWEEN
PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,
By the ſhort and pleaſant road of
Buſtleton, Newtown, Scotch-Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE excellence of this road, the populouſneſs of the country through which it paſſes, with ſundry other advantages, which render it ſo far preferable to the Old Road through Briſtol, Brunſwick, &c. long ago ſuggeſted the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough-Fare from Philadelphia to New York. During the preſent year, a minute ſurvey of it has been taken, and its ſuperiority over the Old Road, both in winter and ſummer, has been clearly aſcertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the croſſing is performed with great ſafety and in leſs than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *ſeveral miles ſhorter* than the old road, but this is amongſt the leaſt of its advantages, becauſe daily experience proves to us, that diſpatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodneſs of the road and the levelneſs of the country, and, in theſe reſpects, the New Road is, beyond all compariſon, the beſt. It preſents none of thoſe rocky hills, which render the Old Road ſo fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The ſoil, too, for the greater part, is ſuch as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little duſt in ſummer, which circumſtance, added to the beauty of the country, and a conſiderable proportion of ſhade, muſt always render travelling in the latter ſeaſon peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure ſtarts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, oppoſite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth ſtreet. It goes through Frankford to Buſtleton, where it ſtops to Breakfaſt; from Buſtletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny-town through Hopewell, Milſtone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it ſtops at Springfield to breakfaſt, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it ſtarts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For ſeats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee houſe, to A. Mathieu, corner of Naſſau and John ſtreets, to B. Many, no. 48, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich ſtreet, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad ſtreet.

Fare for paſſengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way paſſengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each paſſenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a paſſenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With reſpect to packages ſent on without paſſengers, the proprietors preſume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of ſtages, they think muſt meet with general approbation. They pledge themſelves to make good every package on the following conditions. The perſon who delivers the package at the office ſhall ſee it entered in the ſtage-book, for which entry he ſhall pay 6 cents; he will then ſtate the value of the package, and pay (excluſive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as inſurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for inſtance, if he eſtimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent. and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar inſurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few perſons it is preſumed, will diſlike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himſelf of this ſecurity or not. But the proprietors think it right to ſtate very explicitly, that they will be reſponſible for the ſafe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an inſurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the diſtribution of the route, the greateſt care has bren taken to fix on ſuch places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the paſſengers at the moſt reaſonable rates. The ſtages are well equipped furniſhed with fleet and ſteady horſes, and committed to the care of intelligent ſober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themſelves live at the different towns and villages where the ſtages will ſtop, ſo that the conduct of the perſons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care alſo to ſee that the paſſengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no ſort of chicanery or inſolence is practiſed upon them; in ſhort, they have ſpared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very beſt line of ſtages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every paſſenger has found the road to ſurpaſs very far all that has been ſaid of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviou, of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns ſpoken of with the higheſt ſatisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Buſtleton
JOSEPH THORNTON, NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, JACOB KESLER, } *Newtown.*
JOHN MORRHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Miliſton.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURY, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE, ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*

June 22. eod tf.

Eighty Dollars Reward,

BROKE out of the PRISON for the City and County of Philadelphia, on the Night of the 31ſt July, 1799, the following deſcribed felons.

DANIEL HENDERSON,

An Iriſhman, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, full round face, dark hair, ſtout made, has a down look and fair complexion; was convicted in the county of Berks

CHRISTIAN SHARPE,
Alias JOHN THOMAS.

A native, of Dutch parents, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, ſtraight well made, long viſage, heavy eye brows, down look, a large head of hair, dark brown, which he wears queued down to his waiſt; was convicted in Cumberland county.

JOHN STRATTS,
Alias JOHN SOTO,

A Spaniard, about 30 years of age, five feet 10 inches high, well made, fair complexion, black frizled hair, which he wears queued; was convicted at Pittſburgh.

Went off alſo, at the ſame time a certain MARTIN KNOWLES, well known in this city, who was apprehended on the day of his eſcape for committing a burglary at the Houſe of J. G. Koch—The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the above named perſons at the Priſon of the City and County of Philadelphia, or on being ſecured in any Jail in the United States, or twenty dollars for either of them.

PHILIP EDWARDS, *keeper.*
Philadelphia Priſon, auguſt 3. cod3w

TO BE LET,
A Large Commodious Cellar,
Under Friends Meeting Houſe, in Keys' Alley.
Apply at
LEONARD SNOWDEN'S,
No. 130, North Front ſtreet.

7 mo: 6 co4w

Removal.

THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*

HAS removed to No. 126, ſouth Front ſtreet, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs as formerly, and has on hand a complete aſſortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'

HATS.

Canada Beaver & Muſk-rat Skins,

With a complete aſſortment of FURS, always for ſale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete aſſortment of

Faſhionable Engliſh Hats,

Which he now offers for ſale at very reduced prices.

je... 29 1aw6m

TO BE SOLD,

TWO new frame two Story Houſes pleaſantly ſituated near the Jolly Poſt-Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each houſe, beſides a kitchen, two rooms on the firſt floor; three on the ſecond, with roomy garrats, all well finiſhed; there are alſo to each, a good garden lot, ſtable and coach houſe. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any perſons wiſhing to become purchaſers are requeſted to view the premiſes, and for terms apply to

JOHN McCLELLEN.

Frankford, July 13 cotf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treaſury.

Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT the Officers and Crew of the Conſtellation will receive their prize money for the Frigate L'Inſurgent, by calling on CHARLES BIDDLE, No. 243, Market-ſtreet, or

HENRY BENBRIDGE.

july 12 dtm

An excellent Stand for Buſineſs
FOR SALE,
And poſſeſſion immediately given.

THAT valuable ſtand for buſineſs at the head of Cheſter, Kent county, Maryland conſiſting of a brick ſtore-houſe, 20 feet by 60, two ſtories high, three rooms on a floor, well apportioned for buſineſs, two twenty feet rooms for the reception of grain, and a counting room, and three rooms for goods, with an excellnet cellar under the whole, compleatly garnered off for ſalt and pickling pork, with a log corn crib adjoining, 10 feet by 40—This ſtand is ſituated in the handſomeſt and moſt advantageous part of the town for buſineſs and the proſpect of returning good crops of wheat in the country around the head of Cheſter ſtill tend to make it more deſirable to thoſe inclining to purchaſe.

For terms, apply to meſſrs. *Levi Hollingsworth & Son*, Philadelphia, or the ſubſcribers near the premiſes,

GEORGE V. M'CANN
W. THOMAS.

P S—If the above property is not ſold in three months from this date, it will be rented.

July 9 d8w

Ten Dollars Reward,

DESERTED from the Rendezvous, corner of Front and South Street, on the 21ſt inſtant, GEORGE GALLAGHER, born in Doe-run Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, aged 22 years and 3 months, five feet nine and a half inches high, ſwarthy complexion, black eyes, his hair is black and grey mixed, has the dialect of a Cheſter county man. He had neither coat or waiſtcoat on when he went off, has been employed as a Laborer about this city. Whoever apprehends ſaid Deſerter and delivers him to me at the Rendezvous in this city, or at Head Quarters in Briſtol, ſhall receive the above reward.

SAM. R. FRANKLIN,
Lieutenant 10th U.S. Regiment.

july 24 d3w

WILLIAM COBBETT
HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)
THE
BAVIAD
AND
MÆVIAD.
By WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.
To which is prefixed,
A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR
By an American Gentleman.

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dreſs proportioned to its diſtinguiſhed merit, and to the taſte of thoſe for whoſe amuſement and delight it is intended. No expence has been ſpared in the publication; and I flatter myſelf that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever publiſhed in America——This edition has an advantage over ſome former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, in the *Poetical Epiſtle*, which is prefixed to it, and which muſt be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taſte to admire, the juſtice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuſes of other nations.

☞ Some Copies have been ſent on to *Mr. Sneaſville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, alſo to *Mr. Hill, Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleſton.*

Copies will be ſent to *Boſton* and other places, as ſoon as occaſions offer.]

may 28

Patent Ploughs,

TO be ſold for caſh by Joſeph Salter at Aſton Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jeſſe Evans, Lumberton, Thoſe who have uſed them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require leſs team, break the ground better are kept in order at leſs expence and are ſold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much ſimplified and conſiſts of but one piece of caſt iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with ſcrews and taken off at pleaſure

Patent rights for vending with inſtructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newhold, or the ſubſcriber No. 212 North Front-ſtreet.

Who has for Sale;
Or to Leaſe for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well ſituated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, moſtly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon ſtate of Pennſylvania. Thoſe who may incline to view them will pleaſe to apply to John Canan eſq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

july 17 1awtf

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philedelphia, merchant, having aſſigned over all his effects, real, perſonal and mixed, to the ſubſcribers, for the benefit of ſuch of his creditors as may ſubſcribe to the ſaid aſſignment on or before the firſt of Auguſt next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, that they are requeſted to make immediate payment to either of the aſſignees, or to the ſaid Samuel Miles, who is authoriſed to receive the ſame; in failure whereof legal ſteps will be taken for the recovery of ſuch debts, as are not diſcharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS,
JOHN ALLEN,
} Aſſignees

feb. 14. 32wtf

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſit CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu.th ſa tf

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